

ព្រះរាជាណាចក្រកម្ពុជា ជាតិ សាសនា ព្រះមហាក្សត្រ

Kingdom of Cambodia Nation Religion King

Royaume du Cambodge Nation Religion Roi

Phnom Penh, 12 July 2024

## **Media Advisory**

# Groundbreaking Ceremony of the ECCC Resource Centre Expansion by the Presidency Samdech Moha Borvor Thipadei HUN Manet, Prime Minister of the Kingdom of Cambodia

On 16 July 2024, the Extraordinary Chambers in the Courts of Cambodia (ECCC) will hold a ceremony at the ECCC Premises to mark the Groundbreaking for Construction of the Resource Centre expansion, including victims consultation rooms permanent exhibition hall on the ECCC accountability process, and a park for remembrance, presided over by Samdech Moha Borvor Thipadei HUN Manet, Prime Minister of the Kingdom of Cambodia in the courtyard of the ECCC Resource Centre at Building 40, Russian Federation Blvd. (110), Sangkat Mittapheap, Khan 7 Makara, Phnom Penh, Cambodia.

# For Media Advisory

All media representatives who wish to be granted access to report the event are required to advance registration by contacting 066 259 898 (Phone or Telegram) or sending Email: YAR.Rorsart@eccc.gov.kh by Monday 15 July 2024 at 12:00pm.

#### **Note to Editor:**

## ECCC Achievements from January to June 2024

Based on the spirit of the "Addendum to the Agreement on the Transitional Arrangement and Completion of Work of the ECCC" in 2021 between the Royal Government of Cambodia and the United Nations, the ECCC is mandated to carry out several essential residual functions, judicial and non-judicial functions, for the initial three-year period from 2023 to 2025. From the beginning of 2023, the national and international components of the ECCC commenced to perform its residual functions for the initial year and completed many important achievements as following:

Transferred Khieu Samphan, 94 years old, to Kandal provincial prison on 30 January 2023 to practice his life imprisonment. Currently, the ECCC has been monitoring the execution of this offender with the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) based on international norms and practices and the spirit of the above agreement.

- ➤ Following the decision in the final Judgment of Case 002/02, about 3,100 Civil Parties, equivalent to 80% of the total 3,875 civil parties who have been living in 25 provincial capitals notified about the ECCC's current achievements and implementation of the residual functions.
- Approximately 220,000 pages of case 002 documents were classified from the most confidential and confidential documents into the public and is reviewing other remaining 2 million pages.
- ➤ Managed and officially launched the "ECCC Resource Centre" On September 27, 2023. This resource centre consists of six components, four components of which are already built and operating, including:
  - 1. Library and research space
  - 2. Archives Repository
  - 3. Moot Court/multifunction room
  - 4. Mobile resource centre

#### Other two more components are:

- A warm reception will welcome members of the public, provide exhibitions of the ECCC accountability process and offer consultation rooms for victimsurvivors and Civil Parties.
- Remembrance and reflection areas will provide the public a space to commemorate events and honour victim-survivors is constructed and
- A redesigned website, offering access to information about the ECCC.
- From January 2023 to June 2024, conducted two-day outreach study tour per week for 40,293 youth, students, teachers and publics to learn about ECCC achievements, visit Tuol Sleng Genocide Museum, Choeung Ek Genocide Centre and Win-Win Memorial.
- ➤ Produced video series on ECCC functional contents especially "Educational and disseminated video series". 42 video series on questions and answer about ECCC in seven cases were produced. The program aims to broaden the understanding of Cambodian youth in relation to the serious crimes and atrocities of the Khmer Rouge regime through popular youth media such as Facebook, Telegram, YouTube, TikTok, Instagram, and Television as well.
- ➤ 8 Mmemorandum of Understanding (MoU) were signed with national and international institutions to exchange the knowledge, experience, ECCC Jurisprudence related with transitional justice which resolved after the armed conflict and trials.